

KidCode® Application Programming Interface (API)

This API defines the data and function calls that are used for communication between the KidCode Main Email program and installable components. Each installable component can be one of two types:

- mailbox browser/editor component
- message authoring/display component

KidCode Main Email application may communicate with another mail server such as an SMTP compliant server to retrieve and store email messages. Alternatively, the Email Main program may include code for many of the functions normally associated with a mail server program. Whether in conjunction with a mail server, or on its own, the Email Main program handles all functions associated with sending and receiving email messages. This includes reading and writing mailbox files to/from permanent storage or other mail servers on a network (e.g. using POP3), finding and verifying network addresses, and sending mail messages to other servers on a network.

The Main Email Program also provides a GUI that provides interaction with a user for those functions that are directly associated with storage and transfer of electronic mail messages and mailboxes. In particular, the Main Email program includes buttons and/or menu items that allow a user to:

- **Send** (a message),
- **Reply** (to a message),
- **Open** (a message or a mailbox),
- **Delete/Trash** (messages or mailboxes),
- **Save** (a message to an alternative mailbox)
- **Print** (a message)

The Main Email Program also handles all data bundling and unbundling that may be required to transform the message data used by a message authoring component into a fully MIME compliant message type. This way each message authoring component can handle data in a format most convenient to it and all MIME parsing and details associated with protocol compliance can be centralized in the Main Email application. The only requirement for the message data passed between a message authoring component and the Main Email Program is that the message body data be formatted either as an ASCII string or in a binhex format.

The KidCode Main Email program communicates with installable components in order to execute the commands defined above.

Mailbox browser/editor components

Mailbox components are used to display, edit, and browse mailboxes. Different kinds of users and different types of messaging applications (e.g. fax, traditional email, internet voice) may require very different displays and functionality from a mailbox viewer/editor. Installable mailbox components make it possible to upgrade, select from multiple viewing formats, utilize different mailbox viewer/editors for different users, and in general increase the range of functionality that can be achieved within one basic messaging application program.

Message authoring/display components

Message handler components make it possible to handle an unlimited number of message types. Each message handler component is designed to deal with a specific MIME type of message. The MIME data standard has been designed so that application developers can define new MIME types as needed by labeling these with the "/application-x" prefix. A message handler component can be any program that defines a message MIME type of data that it handles and that implements the callback entry points described in this document. These functions allow the Main Email application to obtain information about the message handler and allows the message handler to respond to standard mail commands such as Send



Page 2

or Reply, that have been issued by a user through the Main Email interface. Example message handler components included in the KidCode application are an ordinary ascii text message handler, a game called Rebus that allows users to create and respond to graphical rebus messages, an a sample mathematics workbook that allows students and a teacher to send workbook problems to one another.

Global variable naming conventions:

Each movie should name its global variables with a prefix that identifies the movie and a capital "G" for "global". We will keep track of each movie's prefix. For now we have the following identifying prefixes:

component prefix	component	global variable prefix
em_	main movie	emG_
tm_	text movie	tmG_
rm_	rebus movie	rmG_
cm_	connect movie	cmG_
tgm_	text grid movie	tgmG_
pm_	puzzle movie	pmG_
mbx_	mailbox movie	mbxG_

Main Movie Public Data Types

```
73 em_ComponentType    symbol = #mailbox or #msgHandler
74
75 em_UserName string
76
77 em_UserData struct (
78     str    UserName
79     str    FullName
80     str    ReturnAddress
81     em_AddressBook    AddressBook
82     em_MailboxList    Mailboxes
83     str    SMTPHost
84     str    POP3Host
85     str    Password
86 )
87
88 em_MailboxName string
89
90 em_Mailbox struct (
91     em_mailboxName    boxName
92     list of emMailData
93 )
94
95 em_RegisteredUsers list of em_UserName
96
97 em_MailData struct (
98     em_Address    To
99     em_Address    From
100     str    Re
101     str    Data
102     str    MimeType
103     list    MsgBody
104 )
105
106 em_MessageNumber int
107
108 em_Mode symbol = #author or #display
109
110 em_ComponentInfo struct (
111     str    ComponentName
112     int    ComponentID
113     em_ComponentType    ComponentType
114     str    ComponentMIMEType ; nil if mailbox
115 )
116
117
118
119
120
```

Page 4

Email Main API Functions

These functions are called by the installable components to access services provided in the KidCode Main Email program.

```
121
122
123
124
125
126
127  /*****
128  **/
129  /* emh_getUserMailbox
130  Return a mailbox data structure for the current user and mailbox name. This function is
131  normally called by a mailbox handling component. Mailbox handling components may use
132  temporary files to hold mailbox contents but they should never access the users mailbox files.
133  All access to these files must be obtained through the Main Email program.
134  */
135
136  em_Mailbox emh_getUserMailbox (
137      em_MailBoxName
138  )
139
140
141  /*****
142  **/
143  /* emh_getUserData
144  Return a data structure with user information. The KidCode Main Email program maintains
145  all user information and handles user administration functions. The Main program also
146  communication with external Mail servers which may contain other user information not part
147  of the KidCode API.
148  */
149
150  em_UserData emh_getUserData (
151      em_UserName,
152  )
153
154
155  /*****
156  **/
157  /* emh_continue
158  Used by installable components to explicitly pass control back to the Main Email program.
159  This function is necessary for the Director/Lingo implementation.
160  */
161
162  void emh_continue (
163      em_ComponentType
164  )
165
166
```

Page 5

```

167  /*******
168  **/
169  /* emh_killComponent
170  Used by an installable component to inform the Main Email program that it is preparing to
171  terminate. This allows the Main program to free any memory and/or data structures that have
172  been allocated to the component.
173  */
174
175  void emh_killComponent (
176  )
177
178
179  /*******
180  **/
181  /* emh_passMessage
182  Used primarily by mailbox components to pass a message to the Main program so that it can
183  be displayed by the appropriate message handling component. Email main takes the message
184  argument (em_MailData, looks up the Mime type of the message, and invokes the appropriate
185  message handler to display the message.
186  */
187
188  void emh_passMessage (
189      em_MailData,
190      em_MessageNumber
191  )
192
193
194  /*******
195  **/
196  /* emh_getMessage
197  Returns the message (em_MailData) with Number MessageNumber from the MailboxName
198  of the current user. Can be used by installable components to retrieve specific messages from
199  the user's mailboxes.
200
201  If this is called with the messageNumber set to 0, email main assume the typeOrBoxName
202  argument is a mimetype and returns a new message structure. Message handling components
203  should call emh_getMessage with the number set to 0 and the mimetype whenever a new
204  message is started. Normally this should be done whenever an active message is trashed.
205  */
206
207  em_MailData emh_getMessage (
208      em_MessageNumber
209      str      typeOrBoxName
210  )
211
212

```

Page 6

```
213 /*****
214 **/
215 /* emh_getRegisteredUsers
216 Returns a list of usernames for the users that are registered with the KidCode system, i.e. that
217 have been added as users by the User Administration part of the Main Email Program. This is
218 the same list of users that appear in the logon listbox when the program is started up. It may
219 be used by installable components to create listboxes for filling address fields in messages or
220 for checking on whether a particular address is external to the system.
221 */
222
223 em_RegisteredUsers emh_getRegisteredUsers (
224 )
225
226
227 /*****
228 **/
229 /* emh_sendMessage
230 Email Main sends the message argument (em_MailData) by either forwarding to an external
231 mail server or, if it is a registered KidCode user, writing the message to the user's incoming
232 mail mailbox.
233 */
234
235 void emh_sendMessage (
236     em_MailData
237 )
238
239
240
241 /*****
242 **/
243 /* emh_saveMessage
244 Email Main saves the message argument (em_MailData) for the currently logged on user by
245 writing the message to the user's "notes in progress" mail mailbox.
246 */
247
248 void emh_saveMessage (
249     em_MailData
250 )
251
252
253
```

Page 7

```
254 /*****
255 **/
256 /* emh_disableButton
257 It is recommended that this function be used carefully. Normally Email Main controls the
258 state of all the buttons available to users to access message handling of the main program (i.e.
259 buttons in the purple left hand panel). This function can be used to request that Email Main
260 disable the button specified by the argument, ButtonName. If the button is disabled - whether
261 it was already disabled or is disabled as a result of the function call - the function will return
262 TRUE, otherwise it will return FALSE. The calling component should check on whether the
263 function call succeeded and proceed accordingly.
264 */
265
266 em_ReturnValue emh_disableButton (
267         str          ButtonName
268 )
269
270
271
272 /*****
273 **/
274 /* emh_enableButton
275 It is recommended that this function be used carefully. Normally Email Main controls the
276 state of all the buttons available to users to access message handling of the main program (i.e.
277 buttons in the purple left hand panel). This function can be used to request that Email Main
278 enable the button specified by the argument, ButtonName. If the button is enabled - whether
279 it was already disabled or is disabled as a result of the function call - the function will return
280 TRUE, otherwise it will return FALSE. The calling component should check on whether the
281 function call succeeded and proceed accordingly.
282 */
283
284 em_ReturnValue emh_enableButton (
285         str          ButtonName
286 )
287
```

API Functions Required Implementation of all Component Types

```

288
289
290
291 /*****
292 */
293 /* emc_startMeUp
294 Used by Email Main to tell an installable component to start. This function will execute prior
295 to initialization of the component's data structures. Which should only be initialized after the
296 component receives the emc_initWindow call from Email Main.
297 This function is necessary for the Director/Lingo implementation.
298 */

```

```

299
300 em_ReturnValue emc_startMeUp (
301 )

```

```

302
303
304 /*****
305 */
306 /* emc_initWindow
307 Used by Email Main to tell an installable component to initialize it's data structures and
308 prepare its graphical display. The component is passed the username of the current user. If
309 it requires additional user information in order to initialize, it can call emh_getUserInfo
310 within it's implementation of this function.
311 */

```

```

312
313 em_ReturnValue emc_initWindow (
314     em_UserName
315 )

```

```

316
317
318 /*****
319 */
320 /* emc_closeWindow
321 Used by Email Main to tell an installable component to free all memory that it has used, close
322 it's window, and shut down.
323 */

```

```

324
325 em_ReturnValue emc_closeWindow (
326 )

```

```

327
328
329 /*****
330 */
331 /* emc_getComponentInfo
332 Used by Email Main to get required information such as componentName, componentID, etc.
333 from the installable component.
334 */

```

```

335
336 em_ComponentInfo emc_getComponentInfo (
337 )

```

API Functions required of a Mailbox Handler Component

```

340
341
342
343 /*****
344 */
345 /* mbx_getMessageNumbers

```


Page 9

```
346 Used by Email Main to get the message number of the currently selected message in the
347 mailbox browser. If no message is selected, the list should be empty.
348 */
349
350 list of int mbx_getMessageNumbers (
351 )
352
353
354 /*****
355 **/
356 /* mbx_getMessage
357 Used by Email Main to get the message data structure of the message with
358 em_MessageNumber from the mailbox currently displayed in the mailbox browser. If the
359 function fails, e.g. if there is no message with the given message number, the function returns
360 an empty list.
361 */
362
363 em_MailData mbx_getMessage (
364     em_MessageNumber
365 )
366
367
368 /*****
369 **/
370 /* mbx_trashMessages
371 Used by Email Main to tell the mailbox component to update it's display and it's data
372 structures to delete messages with messageNumbers in the argument list. If the function fails,
373 e.g. if one of the message numbers is invalid, the function returns FALSE, otherwise it returns
374 TRUE. This function should be implemented so that it does not perform partial deletes, i.e.
375 either it succeeds in deleting all of the messages in the list or it should not delete any message.
376 */
377
378 em_ReturnValue mbx_trashMessages (
379     list of em_MessageNumber
380 )
381
```

Page 10

```
382 /*****
383 **/
384 /* mbx_openMailbox
385 Used by Email Main to tell the mailbox component to display the mailbox passed in the
386 argument.
387 */
388
389 em_ReturnValue mbx_openMailbox (
390     em_Mailbox
391 )
392
393
```

Functions required of a Message Handler Component

```

394  /**
395  **/
396
397  /**
398  **/
399

```

```

400  /* msh_sendMessage

```

Used by Email Main to tell a message handling component to pass back a fully completed message data structure so that it can be sent to the recipient specified in the message's address field. The message handling component should update it's display as appropriate for a message that has been sent. It should also change it's state to #display mode because a message that has already been sent should not be editable. If the function fails, e.g. if a fully completed message cannot be constructed (for example, if the user has not specified a message recipient), the function returns an empty list.

The message handling component will normally control all dialogs with a user that pertain to the message under construction. For example to alert the user to the fact that a message recipient is required. However, if the message handling component fails to pass back a properly formatted, completed message data structure, (or an empty list acknowledging failure) Email Main will detect the error and alert the user about the field or fields that have not been specified.

```

414  */

```

```

415
416  em_MailData msh_sendMessage (
417  )
418
419

```

```

420  /**
421  **/
422

```

```

423  /* msh_openMessage

```

Used by Email Main to pass a message data structure to a message handling component so that it can be displayed. The message handling component should display the message in the specified mode - either #author or #display. If the em_Mode argument is #display the message should not be editable. Otherwise the message should be opened so that it can be edited.

If the function fails, e.g. if an error is detected in the message body, the message handler returns FALSE, otherwise the message handler returns TRUE.

```

431  */

```

```

432
433  em_ReturnValue msh_openMessage (
434      em_MailData
435      em_Mode
436  )
437
438
439
440

```

```

441  /**
442  **/
443

```

```

444  /* msh_replyMessage

```

Used by Email Main to inform a message handling component to display the currently active message for editing as a reply. In order to reply the message handling component will generally create a new message with the mode set to #author. The new message body may contain material from the original message that is being replied to. In addition, message handling components that handle different player roles may enable or disable various role specific tools at this time. For example, the Rebus message handler will change the RebusState of the new message and enable guessboxes as appropriate.

```

451

```

Page 12

```
452 If the function fails, e.g. if an error is detected in the message body, the message handler
453 returns FALSE, otherwise the message handler returns TRUE.
454 */
455
456 em_ReturnValue msh_replyMessage (
457 )
458
459
460 /*****
461 **/
462 /* msh_clearMessage
463 Used by Email Main to inform a message handling component that the current message
464 should be cleared from the display and from the message handling component's data
465 structures. This function is used, for example, when the user indicates they want to trash the
466 current message by clicking on the "trash" button in the Email Main purple panel.
467
468 If the function fails, the message handler returns FALSE. Otherwise the message handler
469 returns TRUE.
470 */
471
472 em_ReturnValue msh_clearMessage (
473 )
474
475
```

Page 13

```

476 /*****
477 */
478 /* msh_printMessage
479 Used by Email Main to inform a message handling component that a message should be
480 printed. This function is used, for example, when the user indicates they want to print the
481 current message by clicking on the "print" button in the Email Main purple panel.
482 When the argument, em_mailData, is an empty list, the message handler component should
483 print the currently active message. Otherwise the message handler component should print
484 the message argument. Normally, if the message handler component has been fully
485 initialized and is displayed in a window, Email Main will call this function with an empty list
486 for an argument.
487
488 The function may also be used by the Main Email program to have a message handler print a
489 message even though the message handler component has not been fully initialized and
490 displayed in a window. For example, this will occur if an active mailbox component receives
491 a print request from Email Main for a message that has been selected in the mailbox browser.
492 In this case, Email Main will send a request to the appropriate message handler component to
493 print the message without fully starting it up and initializing its window. Therefore the
494 message handler should implement the msh_printMessage function so that the following
495 sequence of function calls succeeds - emc_startMeUp, msh_printMessage(message).
496
497 If the function fails, the message handler returns FALSE. Otherwise the message handler
498 returns TRUE.
499 */
500
501 em ReturnValue msh_printMessage (
502     em_MailData
503 )
504
505

```